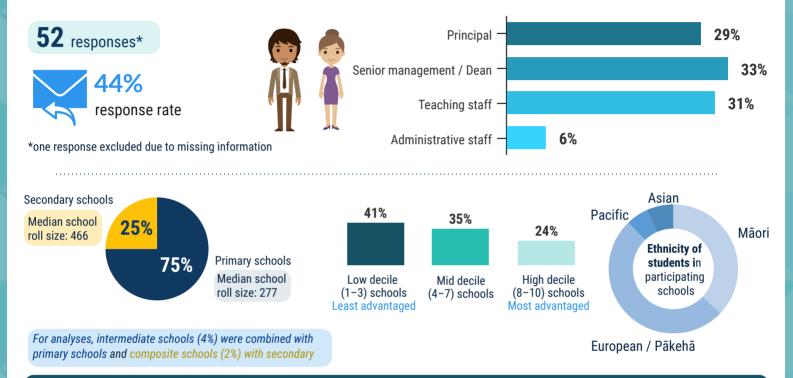


The Nourishing Hawke's Bay: He wairua tō te kai project reported on the healthiness of food environment policies and practices in primary and secondary schools across Hawke's Bay between May 2021 and August 2021.

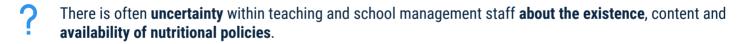
Aiming to improve food environments for children in Hawke's Bay

The **School-Food Environment Review and Support Tool (School-FERST)** was used to assess the healthiness of the foods and beverages provided

Who completed the survey?



Key findings









Most secondary schools sell food to students (especially State Schools). The healthiness of products for sale is variable.

Using food in fundraising is more common in mid / high decile (most advantaged) schools and when it is used it is generally unhealthy.











Policies on food and nutrition



8% did not know

26 schools provided their policies for analysis



Only 3 of these schools had their own policies



All others used the policy supplied by SchoolDocs



Policy comprehensiveness

6/10

Policy strength

1.4/10

Most policies did not use prescriptive wording, rather focusing on encouragement and recommendations

*Policy-FANS - Shortened version of the Well-SAT Wellness School Assessment Tool

Food in schools and water fountains

of schools said their policy was available to the public

Rewards, celebrations and fundraising

Schools using food and / or beverages in class and school activities



When schools used foods in fundraising. they were **mostly** unhealthy



Only 2 schools met recommendations for having at least 75% healthy foods for sale



2/3 secondary schools sold food to students 2/3 of all school canteens were run by the school

Unhealthy food in fundraising was more frequently used in mid/high decile schools 38% healthy food 89% unhealthy food Iow Mid High decile decile decile schools schools schools

Primary schools Secondary schools

Low decile schools (least advantaged)

Mid decile schools

High decile schools (most advantaged)

Water

Schools meeting guidelines for at least one fountain per 60 students

78% 25%

Mean number of students per water fountain





Buying food off-site

1/10 of primary schools and about 1/3 of secondary schools allowed students to leave school grounds to purchase food

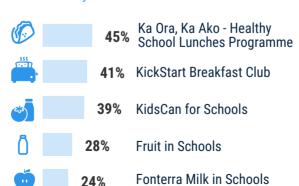
Participation in food and nutrition programmes

Schools participating in food / nutrition programmes

School type 82% 71% 62% 46% Food Nutrition programmes programmes School deprivation / school decile 100% 81% 67% 67% 25% Food Nutrition programmes programmes

Food programmes

Food security focus

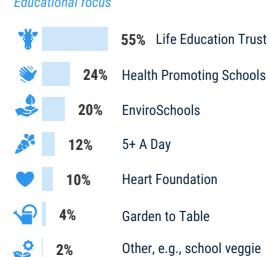


Other, e.g., free apples, volunteers making toasties

Some least advantaged schools participate in all five named food programmes

Nutrition programmes

Educational focus



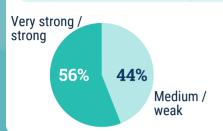
garden

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Culture, barriers and best practice

Culture around healthy eating

Respondents were asked to rate the culture of healthy eating at their school from very strong to very weak



Very strong = policies in place, strong healthy food practices, students and parents strongly support the kaupapa of healthy food in school, nutrition is integrated across the curriculum



Barriers to a healthy food environment

1/4 of schools reported barriers to a healthy food environment



Efforts undermined by unhealthy 18% food outlets around the school, e.g., local dairy



18% Resistance from students



Resistance from parents / whānau 14%



Loss of profits from the sale of less healthy foods and







beverages

Lack of **choice** in the options provided by school food service (canteen)

Lack of convenience and difficulty in preparing fresh foods on-site

Other, e.g., cost of healthy food

Best practice examples





"We are taking on the school lunches and developing into our curriculum around Kai sovereignty"

Principal, low decile primary school



"Hauora is the focus of our Kura. Our aim is to have healthy kids who are connected to their culture" Principal, low decile primary school



"Health programme educates about nutrition and healthy eating" Teacher, mid decile secondary school



"We have strong guidelines for **brain food** at 10am and in some classes throughout the school day."

Senior Management, high decile primary school



"We are a water only school. We encourage students to bring water bottles with them and model this"

Teacher, high decile primary school



Banning Iollies and soft drinks

Other wavs schools were promoting healthy eating



Mara kai (vegetable garden)



Teachers modelling healthy eating



Using newsletters to communicate with parents

Nourishing HB: He wairua tō te kai recommendations



Consider fundraising activities that do not involve (unhealthy) food



Communicate the findings of the study with the Board or PTA (if involved in fundraising)



Communicate nutrition policy with parents / whānau and make sure staff are aware of policies



Consider healthier options in canteens. especially when these are run by the school



Work with food outlets around school and the council to increase the healthiness of food on offer for students



Consider the **healthiness of lunch order systems** that your school subscribes to, e.g., through Lunchonline



Include nutrition education in the curriculum across all levels